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OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of Kerwin D. Dobbs, et. al. Application No. 10/774,286 Filed: February 6, 2004 Attorney Docket No. UC0405USCIP

DECISION ON PETITIONS UNDER 37 CFR 1.78(a)(3) AND (a)(6)

This is a decision on the petitions under 1.78(a)(6), filed by facsimile transmission on May 29, 2007, which is being treated as a petition under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6), to accept an unintentionally delayed claim under 35 U.S.C. §§120 and 119(e) for the benefit of the prior-filed applications set forth in the concurrently filed amendment.

The petitions are **GRANTED**.

A petition for acceptance of a claim for late priority under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6) is only applicable to those applications filed on or after November 29, 2000. Further, the petition is appropriate only after the expiration of the period specified in 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and 1.78(a)(5)(ii). In addition, the petition under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6) must be accompanied by:

- the reference required by 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and 119(e) and 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(2)(i) and 1.78(a)(5)(i) of the prior-filed application, unless previously submitted,
- (2) the surcharge set forth in § 1.17(t); and
- a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and 1.78(a)(5)(ii) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. The Director may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional.

Additionally, the instant nonprovisional application must be pending at the time of filing of the reference to the prior-filed provisional application as required by 37 CFR 1.78(a)(5)(ii). Further, the nonprovisional application claiming the benefit of the prior-filed provisional application must have been filed within twelve months of the filing date of the prior-filed provisional application.

Also, 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6) require a statement that the entire delay between the date the claim was due under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(2)(ii) and 1.78(a)(5)(ii) and the date the claim was filed was unintentional. Since the statement appearing in the petition varies from the required language, the statement is being construed as the statement required by 37 CFR §§1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a))(6). If this is not a correct reading of the statement appearing in the petition, petitioner should promptly notify the Office.

All the above requirements having been satisfied, the late claim for benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and 119(e) is accepted as being unintentionally delayed.

The granting of the petition to accept the delayed benefit claim to the prior-filed applications under 37 CFR §§ 1.78(a)(3) and 1.78(a)(6) should not be construed as meaning that this application is entitled to the benefit of the filing date of the prior-filed applications. In order for this application to be entitled to the benefit of the prior-filed applications, all other requirements under 35 U.S.C. §§120 and 1.78(a)(1) and (a)(2) and under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) and 37 CFR 1.78(a)(4) and (a)(5) must be met. Similarly, the fact that the corrected Filing Receipt accompanying this decision on petition includes the prior-filed applications should not be construed as meaning that applicant is entitled to the claim for benefit of priority to the prior-filed applications noted thereon. Accordingly, the examiner will, in due course, consider this benefit claim and determine whether the application is entitled to the benefit of the earlier filing date.

A corrected Filing Receipt, which includes the priority claim to the prior-filed applications, accompanies this decision on petition

Any questions concerning this matter may be directed to Andrea Smith at (571) 272-3226. All other inquiries concerning either the examination procedures or status of the application should be directed to the Technology Center.

This application is being forwarded to Technology Center Art Unit 1774, for consideration by the examiner of the claim under 35 U.S.C. § §120 and 119(e) of the prior-filed nonprovisional and provisional applications.

Petitions Examiner Office of Petitions

ATTACHMENT: Corrected Filing Receipt



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandris, Vignis 22313-1450 www.nspto.gov

FILING OR 371(c) APPL NO. ART UNIT FIL FEE REC'D ATTY.DOCKET NO TOT CLMS IND CLMS DATE 10/774,286 02/06/2004 1774 1072 UC0405USCIP 19 5

CONFIRMATION NO. 8498

CORRECTED FILING RECEIPT

OC000000025682505

23906 E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER **BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128** 4417 LANCASTER PIKE

WILMINGTON, DE 19805

Date Mailed: 09/05/2007

Receipt is acknowledged of this nonprovisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please write to the Office of Initial Patent Examination's Filing Receipt Corrections. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections (if appropriate).

Applicant(s)

Kerwin D. Dobbs, Wilmington, DE; Norman Herron, Newark, DE: Viacheslav A. Petrov, Hockessin, DE;

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 23906.

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CIP of 10/768,298 01/30/2004 ABN and is a CIP of 10/366,295 02/13/2003 ABN which is a CON of 09/879,014 06/12/2001 ABN which claims benefit of 60/215,362 06/30/2000 and claims benefit of 60/224,273 08/10/2000

Foreign Applications

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 05/06/2004

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US10/774,286**

Projected Publication Date: Not Applicable

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No

Title

Electroluminescent iridium compounds with fluorinated phenylpyridine ligands, and devices made with such compounds

Preliminary Class

428

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER
Title 35, United States Code, Section 184
Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

GRANTED

The applicant has been granted a license under 35 U.S.C. 184, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" followed by a date appears on this form. Such licenses are issued in all applications where

the conditions for issuance of a license have been met, regardless of whether or not a license may be required as set forth in 37 CFR 5.15. The scope and limitations of this license are set forth in 37 CFR 5.15(a) unless an earlier license has been issued under 37 CFR 5.15(b). The license is subject to revocation upon written notification. The date indicated is the effective date of the license, unless an earlier license of similar scope has been granted under 37 CFR 5.13 or 5.14.

This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

The grant of a license does not in any way lessen the responsibility of a licensee for the security of the subject matter as imposed by any Government contract or the provisions of existing laws relating to espionage and the national security or the export of technical data. Licensees should apprise themselves of current regulations especially with respect to certain countries, of other agencies, particularly the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (with respect to Arms, Munitions and Implements of War (22 CFR 121-128)); the Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce (15 CFR parts 730-774); the Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of Treasury (31 CFR Parts 500+) and the Department of Energy.

NOT GRANTED

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).

Application No. 10/774,286 Docket No. UC 0405 USCIP

Patent

In the United States Patent and Trademark Office

In re Application of:

Kerwin D. Dobbs, et al.

Confirmation No.: 8498

Application No.: 10/774,285

Group Art Unit: 1774

Filing Date: February 6, 2004

Examiner: Marie Rose Yamnitzky

Electroluminescent Iridium Compounds with Fluorinated Phenylpyridine Ligands, And Devices Made With Such Compounds

CERTIFICATE OF FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION

DATE: May 29, 2007

I hereby cartify that this paper is being facsimile transmitted to the Parent and Trademark Office to facsimile number 571-273-8300 on the date listed above.

John of Lamming Registration No. 34,857

Mail Stop Petition Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Petition to Accept an Unintentionally Delayed Claim Under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) and Authorization to Charge Surcharge to Deposit Account

Applicants hereby petition for acceptance of an unintentionally delayed claim to priority to a regular utility patent application and two provisional patent applications under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e), and in support of this petition state as follows:

- The priority to which claim is made is to:
- (a) U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/879,014, entitled Electroluminescent Iridium Compounds with Fluorinated Phenylpyridines, Phenylpyrimidines, Phenylquinolines and Devices Made with Such Compounds, filed June 12, 2001, now abandoned, naming as inventors: Vladimir Grushin, Viacheslav A. Petrov and Ying Wang.
- (b) U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/224,273, entitled Electroluminescent Iridium Compounds with Fluorinated Phenylpyridines, Phenylpyrimidines, and Phenylquinolines and Devices Made with Such Compounds, filed on August 10, 2000, naming as inventors: Viacheslav A. Petrov, Ying Wang and Vladimir Grushin.

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Page 1 of 2

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MAY. 29. 2007 6:11PM DUPONT BMP 25 Application No. 10/774,286 Docket No. UC 0405 USCIP

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NO. 5630 P. 13

- (c) U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/215,362, entitled Electroluminescent Iridium Compounds with Fluorinated Phenylpyridines, Phenylpyrimidines, and Phenylquinolines and Devices Made with Such Compounds, filed on June 30, 2000, naming as inventors: Viacheslav A. Petrov, Ying Wang and Vladimir Grushin.
- The entire delay between the date the priority claim was due under 37 C.F.R. § 1.78(a)(5)(ii) and the date of this Petition was unintentional.
- 3. The Director is hereby authorized to charge the surcharge for this Petition as required in 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(t) in the amount of \$ 1,370.00 to Deposit Account No. 04-1928, E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.

Respectfully submitted,

John H. Lamming
Atterney for Applicants
Registration No. 34,857
Telephone: 302-992-587

Telephone: 302-992-5877 Facsimile: 302-892-1892

Date: May 29, 2007

Application No.: 10/774,286 Docket No.: UC0405USCIP

Amendment to the Specification

Please amend the first full paragraph on page 1 of the application, at lines 6-9 under the heading Cross Reference to Related Applications, as follows:

"This application is a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Serial No. Unknown (DuPent Decket No. UC0405 US NA) 10/768,298, filed January 30, 2004, now abandoned, and a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Serial No. 10/366,295, filed February 13, 2003, which is a Continuation of U.S. Serial No. 09/879,014, filed June 12, 2001, now abandoned, and which claims priority from U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/224,273, filed August 10, 2000, and U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/215,362, filed June 30, 2000."

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Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required. Request	1	
for	Application Number	10/774288
Continued Examination (RCE)	Filing Date	February 06, 2004
Transmittal	First Named Inventor	Kerwin D. Dobbs, Et Al.
Address to: Mail Stop RCE	Art Unit	1774
Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450	Examiner Name	Marie Rose Yamnitzky
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	Attorney Docket Numl	ber UC0405USCIP
This is a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1.114 of the above-identified application. Request for Continued Examination (RCE) practice under 37 CFR 1.114 does not apply to any utility or plant application fied prior to June 8, 1995, or to any design application. See instruction Sheef for RCEs (not to be submitted to the USPTO) on page 2.		
Submission required under 37 CFR 1.114 Note: If the RCE is proper, any previously filed unentered amendments and amendments enclosed with the RCE will be entered in the order in which they were filed unless applicant instructs otherwise. If applicant does not wish to have any previously filed unentered amendment(s) entered, applicant must request non-entry of such amendment(s). a. Previously submitted. If a final Office action is outstanding, any amendments filed after the final Office action may be considered as a submission even if this box is not checked.		
Consider the arguments in the Appeal Brief or Reply Brief previously filed on		
ii Other		
		·
I. ✓ Amendment/Reply ii. ☐ Affidavit(s)/ Declaration(s)		nation Disclosure Statement (IDS)
ii. Andavit(s)/ Declaration(s) iv. Other Petition 2. Miscellaneous		
a. Suspension of action on the above-identified period ofmanths. (Period of suspension	application is requested under tion shall not exceed 3 months; Fe	r 37 CFR 1.103(c) for a ee under 37 CFR 1.17(f) required)
The RCE fee under 37 CFR 1.17(e) is require The Director is hereby authorized to charge to Deposit Account No. 04-1928 i. RCE fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(e) Extension of time fee (37 CFR 1.138 and 1	he following fees, any underpa I have enclosed a di 5	ayment of feet, or credit any overpayments, to uplicate copy of this sheet.
b. Check in the amount of \$		bed
c. Payment by credit card (Form PTO-2039 enclass		
VARNING: Information on this form may become public. C and information and authorization on PTO-2038.		id not be included on this form. Provide credit
Signature Signature OF APPLICA	NT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT	
iame (PrintType) OHN H. LAMMING		Date May 29, 2007 Registration No. 34 857
	F MAILING OR TRANSMISSI	- 134,007
hareby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United indexed to: Mail Step RCE, Commissioner for Patents, P. O. Box 1450 (fines on the date shown below.) John H. Lamming	ed States Postal Scrvice with suffic D. Alaxandria, VA 22313-1450 or £	cient poalage as first class mail in an envelope accemilo transmitted to the U.S. Patent and Tradomark
his collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1 116. The information	on in mouthed in obtain member of	ats May 29, 2007 benefit by the public which is to fite (and by the USPTO)
o process) an application Confidentially is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 netwing gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application he amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions frademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Ab ADDRESS, SEND TO: Mail Stop RCE, Commissioner for Pafe	form to the USPTO. Time will van	occording assumated to take 12 minutes to complete, y depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the Chief Information Officer, 11 S. Potoco and
	•	1 FC-1884 700 00 00

APPLICATION DATA SHEET

Electronic Version v14 Stylesheet Version v14.0

> Title of Invention

ELECTROLUMINESCENT IRIDIUM COMPOUNDS WITH FLUORINATED PHENYLPYRIDINE LIGANDS, AND DEVICES MADE WITH SUCH COMPOUNDS

Application Type:

regular, utility

Attorney Docket Number: UC0405USCIP

Correspondence address:

Customer Number:

23906

23906

Continuing Data:

This is a Continuation-in-part of US application number UNKNOWN, filed 2004-01-30, now PENDING.

This is a Continuation-in-part of application number 10/366295, filed 2003-02-13, now PENDING.

Inventors Information:

Inventor 1:

Applicant Authority Type:

Inventor

Citizenship:

· US

Given Name:

KERWIN

Middle Name:

D.

Family Name:

DOBBS

City of Residence:

WILMINGTON

State of Residence:

DE

Country of Residence:

US

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TITLE

ELECTROLUMINESCENT IRIDIUM COMPOUNDS WITH FLUORINATED PHENYLPYRIDINE LIGANDS, AND DEVICES MADE WITH SUCH COMPOUNDS

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Serial No. Unknown (DuPont Docket No. UC0405 US NA), filed January 30, 2004 and a Continuation-In-Part of U.S. Serial No. 10/366,295, filed February 13, 2003.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to electroluminescent complexes of iridium(III) with fluorinated phenylpyridines. It also relates to electronic devices in which the active layer includes an electroluminescent Ir(III) complex.

Description of the Related Art

Organic electronic devices that emit light, such as light-emitting diodes that make up displays, are present in many different kinds of electronic equipment. In all such devices, an organic active layer is sandwiched between two electrical contact layers. At least one of the electrical contact layers is light-transmitting so that light can pass through the electrical contact layer. The organic active layer emits light through the light-transmitting electrical contact layer upon application of electricity across the electrical contact layers.

It is well known to use organic electroluminescent compounds as the active component in light-emitting diodes. Simple organic molecules such as anthracene, thiadiazole derivatives, and coumarin derivatives are known to show electroluminescence. Semiconductive conjugated polymers have also been used as electroluminescent components, as has been disclosed in, for example, Friend et al., U.S. Patent 5,247,190, Heeger et al., U.S. Patent 5,408,109, and Nakano et al., Published European Patent Application 443 861. Complexes of 8-hydroxyquinolate with trivalent metal ions, particularly aluminum, have been extensively used as electroluminescent components, as has been disclosed in, for example, Tang et al., U.S. Patent 5,552,678.

Burrows and Thompson have reported that fac-tris(2-phenylpyridine) iridium can be used as the active component in organic light-emitting devices. (*Appl. Phys. Lett.* 1999, 75, 4.) The performance is maximized when the iridium compound is present in a host conductive

